

CARE + MAINTENANCE

PORCELAIN FLOOR + WALL TILES

Porcelain tiles are renowned for their durability, elegance, and ease of maintenance. To preserve their beauty and longevity, it is essential to follow proper care and maintenance procedures. This guide provides recommendations for daily cleaning, deep cleaning, stain removal, and general maintenance of Italian porcelain tiles used on floors and walls.

DAILY CLEANING

SWEEPING + VACUUMING

Regularly sweep or vacuum the tiles to remove loose dirt, dust, and debris. Use a soft-bristle broom or a vacuum cleaner with a hard floor setting to avoid scratching the surface.

MOPPING

Mop the tiles with a mixture of warm water and a mild detergent. Use a pH-neutral cleaner specifically designed for porcelain tiles. Avoid using abrasive or acidic cleaners as they can damage the surface. Ensure the mop is damp, not wet, to prevent water from seeping into the grout lines.

DRYING

After mopping, dry the tiles with a soft, clean cloth or a microfiber mop to prevent water spots and streaks.

DEEP CLEANING

FREQUENCY

Perform a deep cleaning every 1-2 months or as needed, depending on the level of traffic and exposure to dirt.

CLEANING SOLUTION

Use a stronger porcelain tile cleaner for deep cleaning. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for dilution and application.

SCRUBBING

Scrub the tiles with a soft brush or a non-abrasive scrub pad to remove embedded dirt and stains. Focus on grout lines and high-traffic areas.

RINSING

Rinse the tiles thoroughly with clean water to remove any residual cleaner.

DRYING

Dry the tiles with a soft cloth or a microfiber mop to prevent streaks and water spots.

STAIN REMOVAL

GENERAL STAINS

For general stains, apply a mixture of baking soda and water to the stained area. Let it sit for a few minutes, then scrub gently with a soft brush. Rinse and dry the area.

GREASE + OIL STAINS

Use a commercial degreaser or a mixture of water and dishwashing detergent. Apply to the stain, scrub gently, rinse, and dry.

INK + DYE STAINS

Use a diluted bleach solution or a specialized porcelain tile stain remover. Apply to the stained area, scrub gently, rinse thoroughly, and dry.

HARD WATER STAINS

Apply a solution of white vinegar and water to the stained area. Let it sit for a few minutes, scrub gently, rinse, and dry.

GENERAL MAINTENANCE

SEALING GROUT

Seal the grout lines every 6-12 months to prevent stains and moisture penetration. Use a high-quality grout sealer and follow the manufacturer's instructions.

MAT PLACEMENT

Place mats or rugs at entryways to reduce the amount of dirt and debris tracked onto the tiles. Ensure the mats have non-slip backings to prevent accidents.

FURNITURE PROTECTION

Use felt pads or furniture coasters under the legs of furniture to prevent scratches and damage to the tiles.

REGULAR INSPECTIONS

Regularly inspect the tiles for cracks, chips, or loose tiles. Repair any damage promptly to prevent further issues.

TIPS FOR SPECIFIC AREAS

BATHROOMS

Ensure proper ventilation to reduce moisture buildup. Wipe down tiles after showers to prevent mold and mildew growth.

KITCHEN

Clean spills immediately to prevent staining. Use cutting boards and trivets to avoid damage from sharp objects and hot cookware.

OUTDOOR AREAS

Sweep and clean regularly to remove dirt and debris. Use a pressure washer on a low setting for a thorough clean, and ensure the tiles are rated for outdoor use.

By following these care and maintenance recommendations, you can ensure that your Italian porcelain tiles remain beautiful and durable for years to come. Regular cleaning, prompt stain removal, and general maintenance will help maintain their pristine appearance and enhance the aesthetic appeal of your floors and walls.